# THE MEGHALAYA CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES RULES (ASSAM RULES, 1953 AS ADAPTED BY MEGHALAYA)

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## THE MEGHALAYA CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES RULES

\* The Assam Co-operative Societies Rules, 1953 made by the Governor of Assam and published Vide Notification No. CG 38/50/253, dated 4th February, 1953 (printed below):-

# "The 4th February, 1953"

- **No.** CG. 38/50/253 Inexcise of the powers conferred by Section 100 of the Assam Co operative Societies Act, 1949. (Act I of 1950), the Governor Of Assam is please to make the following rules in order to carry out the purposes of the said Act in the State of Assam.
- 2. The rules framed under the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912 and adapted under Notification No. 963 L. S. G. (A), dated the 18th April, 1941 are hereby recinded.

# THE MEGHALAYA COOPERATIVE SOCIETIES RULES (ASSAM RULES, 1953 AS ADAPTED BY MEGHALAYA)

#### CHAPTER - 1

# **Preliminary**

- 1. **Short title** these rules may be called the Meghalaya Cooperative Societies Rules.
- 2. **Definition** In these rules unless there is any thing repugnant in the subject or context :-
- (a) "Act" shall mean the Meghalaya Cooperative Societies Act, Assam Act 1 of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya)
- (b) words and expressions used in these rules shall be the meanings respective assigned to them in the Act.
- (c) "Section" Means a section of the Act.
- (d) "Schedule" means the Schedule of forms appended to these rules:
- (e) "society" means a registered Cooperative society registered or deemed to have been registered under the Act and includes a society formed after amalgamation of such two or more societies or by division of such an existing Society: a registered Cooperative society may also be called a "Cooperative".
- (f) "director" Means a member of an administrative council managing Committee or any managing body of a society as the case may vested with the powers of its management.
- (g) "borrowed Capital" means the total of loans deposits and other borrowings of a cooperative society;
- (h) "owned Capital" means the total of paid up share capital and accumulated reserve and other funds created out of profits of a Cooperative society;
- (i) "working Capital" means the total capital of Cooperative society consisting of borrowed capital and owned capital.

## CHAPTER II

- 3. **Restriction on acquisition of share in society** Where the liability of members is limited by share, no member other than a registered shall:-
- (a) Hold more than portion of the share Capital of the society, subject to a maximum of one-forth, as may be prescribed by the bye-laws of the society, or.

- (b) Have or claim any interest in the share of the society exceeding five thousand rupees, provided that if the society is a distribution of an article or any special type of society, a member may have or claim and interest in the shares of the society not exceeding Rs. 25,000. In such cases. The registrar will decide whether the maximum limit of share allowed to an individual member should be Rs. 25,000 or less and his decision shall be final.
- 4. Change of liability : (!) when a registered society resolves to change its from of liability, it shall convene a special meeting of the General Assembly for the purpose and shall adopted proposals for such amendment of its bye- laws as may be consequential and necessary for the safe conduct of its business and submit an application in the manner as provided in the rule for registration of such amendments.
- (2) at least clear fifteen days written notice of such meeting with the special agenda shall be given to its members together with a copy of the proposed resolution with regard to the change of liability.
- (30 a copy of such resolution shall be sent to the Registrar within fifteen days of its adoption.
- (4) the notice required under sub-section (I)(i) of Section 9 of the Act shall be issued under a Certificate of posting; provided that this shall not be necessary in the case of a primary agricultural credit Society.
- 5. **Application for registration** (I) Every application for the registration of a Society under sub-section (i) of section 10 shall be in the form set forth in the schedule appended to these rules and shall be submitted in triplicate to the Registrar and each copy of the form for application for registration shall be signed by the promoters.

Registrar may consult the Deputy Commissioner or the Sub-divisional Officer or the Political Officer concerned whenever he considers necessary.

- (2) Where a Co-operative Society is an applicant, the application shall be signed by an office-bearer of such Society duly authorised by a resolution to sign the application for registration and the bye-laws on its behalf.
- (3) If the society intends to be a members of central society, another copy of the bye-laws signed by the president of the inaugural general meeting, in addition to the copy of the bye-laws which are required under sub-section (3) of section 10 of the Act, shall be forwarded therewith
- 6. Conditions of registration of a society and refusal to register (1) On receipt of the application for registration, the registrar shall examine the application for registration and the bye-laws in order to satisfy himself-
  - (a) that the application and the Bye-laws are in conformity with the Act and the rules,
  - (b) that the bye-Laws are suitable for carrying out the objects of the Society and ensure safe conduct of its business, and
  - (c) that the proposed society has reasonable chances of success having regard to local conditions, and may call for further information or make such enquiry as he may deem necessary.
  - (2) (a) If the registrar is satisfied on all the points mentioned in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of sub rule (!) he may register the society and its Bye Laws.

- (b) such registration shall be entered in a General register kept for the purpose in the form found suitable and the entry of such registration shall be attested by the seal and signature of the Registrar.
- (3) when a society is registered, the Registrar shall grant a certificate of registration in the form set forth in the schedule.
- (4) The certificate of registration together with a copy of the bye-Laws as approved by the Registrar duly stamped with his official seal be sent to the applicants,. Of the three remaining copies of the registered Bye laws, one shall be retained in the office of the registrar, one sent to the Assistant Registrar and the third to the Inspector concerned with a copy of the certificate of registration.
- (5) if the Society intends to be member of any "affiliating society ' an extra copy shall be authenticated and sent to the society concerned.
- (6) if the registrar is to register a society or its bye-laws he shall record in writing the reasons for his refusal and shall communicate his decision to the applicants.
- **7. Registration and limit of membership** (10 No person or society qualified under the bye-Laws to be member of a Cooperative society shall be excluded from membership without sufficient cause;

Provided that without the sanction of the Registrar-

- (i) No registered Society with unlimited liability shall have more that 100 members, except with the approval of the registrar which will not be given except for special reasons to be recorded in writing.
- (ii) No registered society with unlimited liability shall have more than 50 members at the start; the member may be increased by not more than 20 members a year upto the maximum prescribed above.
- (2) in case of amalgamation of societies as provided in Section 15 and change of liability under Section 9, the restrictions and limits set forth above shall not be operative
- **8. Provisions in the Bye -Laws of a society** (i) Every Society shall make bye Law in respect of the following matters namely-
  - (a) the name of the registered address of the Society and its branches, if any.
  - (b) The area of its operation
  - (c) The objects of the Society;
  - (d) The purpose to which its funds may be applied;
  - (e) Qualification required for membership and terms of admission of members;
  - (f) The right and liabilities of membership;
  - (g) The maximum number of members that may be admitted;
  - (h) The nature and amount of the share Capital, if any of the society and where there is a share capital, the maximum share capital which a single members can hold;
  - (i) The manner in which capital may be raised by means of share and debentures, borrowing from non-members, deposits of members or otherwise;
  - (j) The entrance and other fees and the fines, if any to be collected from the members;
  - (k) Withdrawal, removal and expulsion of members and the payment, if any, to be made to such members:
  - (l) Transfer of share or interest of a member;

- (m) The circumstances under which withdrawal from membership shall be permitted and the procedure to be followed in cases of with drawal, ineligibility and death of members;
- (n) The mode of appointment and removal of directors and office bearers of the Society and the duties and powers of the managing body and other committees or bodies which may be formed and society the composition of such bodies, their powers, duties;
- (o) The mode of summoning and conducting meeting and the right of working, fixing of quorum for meetings
- (p) Subject to the provisions of rules and, manners of making altering and abrogating bye-laws;
- (q) The general conduct of the business of the society;
- (r) The disposal of profits;
- (s) Creation and use of reserve and other funds;
- (t) The mode of custody and the investment of funds outside the business and the custody of books, accounts and securities;
- (u) The mode of keeping accounts.
- (v) Settlement of disputes; in the case of a credit Society –
- (a) the condition under which loans may be granted; fixing of the maximum and normal credit of members and the maximum loan admissible to a member;
- (b) the rate of interest on loans and the system of calculation of interest;
- (c) purposes for which loans may be granted;
- (d) security of repayment of loans;
- (e) period of repayment and recovery of loans;
- (f) extension of the period of repayment and renewal of loans; and in the case of non-credit Societies-
  - (a) the mode of conducting business:
  - (b) procedure to be followed in conducting business, purchasing, selling, stock taking and other matters relating to stores, raw materials and finished products.
- 9. **Amendment of Bye –laws. --** by altering or rescinding them or by making a new bye-law by altering or rescinding them or by making a new bye-laws provided that
  - (i) every such amendment shall be made only by a resolution passed by a majority of the members at a meeting of the General Assembly and at which not less than two-thirds of the members of the Society are present;
  - (ii) no such resolution shall be valid unless not less than clear fifteen days notice of such meetings has been given of the proposal to alter or rescind the bye-laws.
  - (2) The Registrar may, in special cases, registrar an amendment which is passed by two-thirds of the members present at a meeting of the General Assembly or at an adjourned meeting of the General Assembly at which the number of members required by the above rule was not present, if he is satisfied for reasons to be recorded in writing-
  - (i) that it is impracticable for the Society to secure the attendance of two-thirds of the total number of members at a meeting of the General Assembly.
  - (ii) That the adoption of the proposal amendment, is in the interest of the Society; and

- (iii) That such amendment is likely to meet with the approval of the general body of members.
- **10. Mode of amendment of bye-laws.** (1) In every case of amendment of bye-laws, an application in the form as set forth in the schedule for registration of a new or altered bye-law shall be submitted to the Registrar, within the time prescribed in sub-section (2) of Section 13, signed by the members of the Managing Body. The application will show
  - (a) the date of meeting of the General Assembly at which the amendment was passed;
  - (b) the number of members on the roll of the Society on the date of issuing the notice of the General Assembly meeting.
  - (c) Number of members present at the meeting; and
  - (d) The number of members who voted in support of the amendment.
  - (2) The application for registration of the amendment of the bye-laws shall be accompanied by a copy of the resolution making the amendment passed at the Meeting, the General Assembly along with fourth copy of the existing bye-laws and a fifth copy of such amendments of bye-laws, is the Society is a member of any affiliating Society.
  - (3) When the Registrar registers an amendment of bye-laws, he shall return to the Society, the copy of the old bye-laws duly corrected and attested by him. Of the remaining two copies, one will be sent to the Assistant Registrar and the other to the Inspector concerned, duly sealed and signed by the Registrar as a token of registration.
  - (4) When the Registrar refuses to register an amendment of bye-laws he shall record in writing reasons for his refusal and communicate his decision to the Society.
- 11. Amendment of bye laws at the direction of the Registrar.---(1) When the Registrar directs any Society to amend its bye-laws in accordance with the amendment drafted and forwarded to the Society provided in rule 10 to consider the making of such amendment within two months or such longer period as may be specified in the order .When the Society adopts any amendments of bye-laws, action shall be taken provided in rule 10 for registration.
- (2) In case, however, the Society proposes to file any objection, the case shall be represented before the Registrar within fifteen days of the meeting along with a copy of the proceedings of the meeting of the General Assembly considering the drafted amendment, signed by the Chairman of the meeting. The Registrar after considering the objection of the Society may.
  - (i) withdraw the direction for a amendment of the bye-law; or
  - (ii) register the same.
- (3) In case of registration copy of the amendment of the bye-law as registered shall be forwarded to the Society together with a certificate signed by him amendment of the bye-laws will be duly entered and certified by the Registrar in the copy of the bye-laws retained in his office. The Assistant Registrar and the Inspector concerned will also be supplied with a copy signed by Registrar for being incorporated in their copies of the bye-laws
- 12. Amendment of bye-laws at the suggestion of affiliating Society. (1) When it appears to an affiliating Society that an amendment of the bye-laws of a Society which is affiliated and indebted to it is necessary or desirable, it may direct such a Society to make the amendment, only in respect of matters pertaining to-

- (a) the constitution of its administrative council and the managing body;
- (b) the investment of funds.
- (2) The affiliating Society in suggestion any such amendment to the affiliated Society shall, by definite resolution of the Administrative Council or the Managing Body as the case may be direct the Society to make the amendment within specified time.
- (3) The affiliating Society shall forward to the Society concerned by registered post.
  - (a) a copy of the proposed amendment of the bye-laws; and
  - (b) copy of the resolution approving such amendment.
- (4) The affiliated Society, on receipt of the direction for such amendment shall proceed in the manner provided in rule 9.
- (5) If within the period as specified affiliating Society from the date of receipt the direction, the Society.—
  - (a) fails to make the amendment of its bye-laws
  - (b) files an objection to such an amendment the affiliating Society, after considering the objections of the Society, if any, may\_\_
    - (i) Withdraw the direction for amendment of the bye-law; or
    - (ii) forward the amendment together with the objections, if any, filed by the Society and its comments thereon to the Registrar for consideration and registration.
  - **13 Adoption of rules of procedure**.\_ Subject to provision in the bye-laws, the managing body of a Society by whatever name, it is called, shall frame rules for their own guidance regarding.\_
    - (a) the manner of receipt and disbursement of money;
    - (b) the made of keeping custody of books accounts, securities and funds, and
    - (c) the terms of service of salaried officers dealing with pay, leave, discharge and dismissal.

The adoption of the rules thus framed will require the prior approval of the Registrar and they shall remain in force until duly modified or rescinded.

- 14. **Non-Official helpers -** (a) The Government of Meghalaya may appoint not person as a non-official adviser to help Co-operative Societies in certain specified areas. The name of persons so a appointed who will be designated as "Honorary Organiser of Co-operative Societies" shall be published in the Gazette of Meghalaya.
- (b)Functions of the "Honorary Organiser of Co-operative Societies" will be to
  - (i) take active interest in the working of existing Co-operative;
  - (ii) prepare grounds by educating the people of the locality in the principle of co-operation and
  - (iii) inspect Cooperative societies within his jurisdiction, submitting his report in the form prescribed by the Registrar for the purpose; and
  - (iv) perform any other functions as may consigned to his by the Registrar from time to time.

© the "Honorary Organiser of Cooperative Societies" shall be entitled to travelling allowance to cover expenses of journeys undertaken at rates to be fixed for the purpose

#### CHAPTER III.

# Rights and liabilities of members of regional societies.

- 15. Exercise of rights of membership-(i) No member of a society shall exercise the right of a member unless and until he has made such payments to the society in respect of membership or acquired such interest in the society as may be prescribed in the bye-laws subject to the following conditions.
- (a) Every applicant for admission as a member must agree to pay an application fee as may be prescribed in the bye-laws, but such fee shall not be less than eight annas or exceed two rupees.
- (b) Every applicant for admission as a member must also agree to pay such admission fee as may be prescribed in the bye-laws. Such fee shall not be less than one rupee where the applicant is an individual and five rupees where the applicant is a registered society. © Where the capital is to be raised by the issue of shares, each member must agree to subscribe to at least one share or the minimum number of shares as prescribed in the bye-laws and has paid the dues on account of such share or shares as required under the provision of the bye-laws.
- (2) No person shall be accepted as one of the applicant for the registration of a society or admitted as a member.
- (a) who does not satisfy the requirements of the act and rules or
- (b) who is legally or mentally disabled or
- © who is bankrupt or
- (d) who is convicted of a criminal offence, involving moral turpitude.
- (3) No person who has ceased within a period of four years, to be a member of any society with unlimited liability shall be allowed to be a member of Another society with unlimited liability without special permission of the Registrar.
- (4) Any member who may at any time be found disqualified for any of the reasons in clauses (2) and (3) shall be removed from the society.
- (5) In cases of any doubt, the Registrar shall decide whether a person is or is not eligible as an applicant for registration or liable to be removed from the society.
- 16. **Disqualification for voting -** no member of a Co-operative society shall be eligible for appointment to enable him to vote in the affairs of another co-operative society, of which his society is a member.
- (a) If such member is any way disqualified under the provisions of the rules or any bye-laws of the society for voting in the affair of the society of which he is a member or for being appointed as a director or
- (b) If in the case of a credit society, the member is a habitual defaulter and no extension of time for payment of the instalments defaulted has been granted by the managing body.
- © If in the case of any other type of societies, the member is in arreas in any way in payment of his dues or is not loyal, to the society as required under the bye-laws.
- Explanation- "a habitual defaulter' referred to in clause (b) means member of a credit society who has failed to pay three instalments already due immediately proceeding the election.

- 17. Promoters of unlimited liability society and member of all other societies, seeking loans to furnish information as to financial position— A full true and accurate statements of assests including immovable property and liabilities shall also be furnished
  - (a) by a promoter signing the application for registration of a society with unlimited liability, together with the application for registration of the society and
  - (b) by a member of a limited society applying for a loan or for acceptance as a surety for a loan.

Such statement signed by member in the form that may be prescribed by Registrar from time to time, showing assests and liabilities at the time of admission as well as on the last date of each co-operative year shall be preserved by the society.

Form for furnishing statement of assests and liabilities by member of unlimited liability society.

- 18. The manner of recalling a loan not utilized for the purpose for which advanced when the managing body of a co-operative society is convinced or has reasons to believe that a member has not utilized a loan fully or in part for the purpose for which it was advanced, it may by a written notice direct the member.
- (1) to show cause within a reasonable time specified in the notice why the loan shall not be recalled. Where no cause is shown to the satisfaction of the society within the specified period, the Managing body may recall the loan and if the loan is not refunded immediately it shall apply to the registrar for an award under section 70 in order to recover the loan.
- **19. Restriction on transfer of share or interest** The transfer or charge of the share or interest of a member in the capital of a society shall be subject to maximum holding as prescribed in rule 3 (b)
- 20. **Nomination of transferee-** (1) A member may by writing under his hand deposited with the society during his life time or by a statement signed by the member made in any book kept by the society nominate any person or persons to whom under section 23 his share or interest in the society or so much thereof as may be specified in such nomination shall be paid or transferred on his death. A nominee may become a member only, if admitted by the managing Committee.
- (2) A nomination so made may be revoked or varied by another nomination similarly made.
- (3) The mane and address of every person nominated under sub-rule (1) above shall be entered in the registrar of members.
- 21. Procedure for calculating the value of shares or interests of ceased members- Where a co-operative society has to make a refund of the value of share or interest of a person who has ceased to be a member under Section 25, the value of the share shall be deemed to be equal to the amount actually paid up on the share, provided that where a position of the assests is estimated to be had or doubtful in the latest audited balance sheet and is not covered by funds created for the purpose out of profits, the Managing Committee may for

the purpose of such payment, reduce the value of the share proportionately taking into consideration, the assests which are bad or doubtful.

- (2) Where a transfer of share or interest is to be made, the value of the share or interest be deemed to be the sum actually paid by the member for the acquisition of such share or interest.
- 22. Manner of determining value of land- (1) Value of land for the purpose of clauses (3) and (5) of Section 27 shall be determined by the society in the manner detailed below-
- (a) by reference to any recorded sale of similar land in the locality during recent periods, or
- (b) if no record of such sale is available the value of the land shall bear such proportion to the annual rent payable to the society for the land as may be notified by the Registrar or,
- © if no rent has been assessed for the land the value shall be determined by the Managing body subject to the approval of the registrar.
- 2. Any dispute as to the value of such land shall be referred to the Registrar whose decision thereon shall be final.

## CHAPTER IV.

## Management.

- 23. Chairman of the general Meeting (a) (1) The Chairman or in his absence, the vice Chairman of a society shall preside over the meetings of its General Assembly. If both the chairman and vice Chairman are absent or are unwilling to act as Chairman the members present and entitled or are unwilling to act as Chairman, the members present and entitled to vote shall elect from amongst themselves to preside over the meeting, provided however, where the bye-laws of a society provides for any outsider to preside over the meetings of the General Assembly, such as an outsider if elected shall preside.
- (ii) The Chairman of a meeting of the General Assembly shall maintain order in the meeting and shall control and conduct proceedings in such manner as may be conducive to expeditions and effective disposal of business. He shall decide all points of order and his decision upon such points shall be final,
- (iii) The Chairman of the meeting of the general Assembly may direct any member to withdraw for disorderly conduct and the member so ordered shall immediately withdraw and unless otherwise directed by the chairman shall remain absent during the remaining period of the meeting and shall not be entitled to vote without the permission of the chairman.
- (iv) In the event of disorder, the Chairman of the meeting may suspend the meeting and adjourn it to such a date and time as he may think fit subject to the provision of the bye-laws.
- 24. **Quorom of meeting of General Assembly-** (i) Unless otherwise provided in the byelaws the quorum of a meeting of the general Assembly shall be one-fifth of the total number of members existing as such as on the date of issue of the notice of the meeting or one hundred whichever is less.

- (ii) no business shall be transacted at any meeting of the General Assembly unless there is a quorum at the time when the business of the meeting is due to commence.
- (iii) If within half an hour from the time fixed for the meeting of the general Assembly a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned ordinarily to the same day in the next week at the same time and place but the chairman of the meeting may, however, decide to adjourn the meeting to a date not later than fourteen days or as may be provided in the bye-laws of the society.

#### Provided that-

A meeting of the General Assembly which has been called on the requisition of members under clause © of sub-section (i) of Section 33 shall not be adjourned but dissolved.

- (iv) if at any time during a meeting of the General Assembly attendance of members falls below the quorum as prescribed above, the Chairman of the meeting on his attention being drawn to the fact or on his own initiative may adjourn the meeting to such a date, time and place as he may convenient and the business to be transacted at this meeting shall be disposed of in the usual manner at the adjourned meeting even without a quorum.
- 25. Voting in meeting of General Assembly- (1) Except where otherwise prescribed all matters brought before a meeting of the general Assembly shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- (2) a resolution which is put to the value at a meeting of the General Assembly shall be decided by show of hands unless a poll is demanded by at least ten members and agreed by the chairman of the meeting.
- (4) If a poll is decided, the vote shall be taken in such manner and at such time as the chairman of the meeting may direct subject to any provision in the byelaws in this behalf and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the decision regarding the resolution.
- 26. **Records of meetings-** (i) The names of the members present in a meeting of the General Assembly shall be entered in the proceedings of the meetings which shall be recorded in a book kept for the purpose.
- (ii) The proceedings shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting after being read to and confirmed by the members present at that meeting or at the next meeting.
- (iii) The chairman in his discretion may admit any person not being a member, to any meeting of the general Assembly for the purpose of giving expert advice, Such person shall not be entitled to vote.

Proceedings of all meetings of General Assembly shall be submitted to the Registrar or to the person/persons in the manner as may be prescribed by him from time to time for approval and until such approval is obtained proceedings of such meetings shall not be valid.

A list showing the total number of members on the date of holding meetings and number of members present thereat with their names shall be attached to all proceedings when submitted to the registrar or the person authorised by him in his behalf for obtaining approval.

**27.** Election and retirement of directors in a primary society, other than a non-agricultural credit society. The directors of a Primary society other than a non-agricultural Credit Society shall retire annually from office but shall be eligible for re-election.

Provided that except with the previous permission of the Registrar which should only be given in exceptional cases, no member shall hold office for more than four years in succession or having already held office for four years be re-elected within a shorter interval than two years form the date on which he ceased to be a director.

- (ii) The vacancies caused by the retirement of the directors shall be filled up by election at the annual meeting of the General meeting Assembly at which they retire.
- 28. Election and retirement of directors in non-agricultural Credit Societies (i) At the first annual meeting of the General Assembly of a non-Agricultural Credit Society held after the commencement of these Rules, the entire body of directors shall retire but shall be eligible for re-election:

Provided that no director who has held office for more than four years in succession shall be eligible for re-election for two years from the date of his retirement without the previous permission of the Registrar.

- (ii) In subsequent years one third of the directors elected by the members shall retire from office at the next annual meeting of the General Assembly and shall be eligible for re-election for one year from the date of retirement
- (iii) The vacancies caused by the retirement of directors under sub-rule (i) or sub-rule (ii) shall be filled up by election at the annual meeting of the General Assembly at which they retire.
- (iv) The directors who are to retire in accordance with sub-rule (ii) at the second and the third annual meeting of the General Assembly shall be determined by lot in a meeting of the administrative council or the Managing Body as the case may be within three months from the date of its first constitution after the commencement of these rules. In subsequent annual meeting of the General Assembly, the directors who have been longest in office shall retire.

**Explanation:** For the purpose of this sub-rule the term of office of any member elected to fill a casual vacancy in the administrative council or managing body shall be deemed to include the period of membership of his predecessors.

- **29. Appointment of directors by the Registrar:-** (i) In order to safeguard and represent appropriate interest in a Co-operative Society, the Registrar shall have powers to appoint all or fraction of the number of members provided in the bye-laws or appoint additional members to the administrative council or the Managing Body not exceeding one-half of the number of the elected directors.
  - (ii) The members so appointed shall hold office till the next election of directors appointed under this rule may or may not be members of the society.
  - (iii) If any vacancy occurs in the office of such an appointed director, the vacancy shall be filled up by appointment.
- **30.** Qualification of members of Administrative Council and Managing Committee: Subject to the provision of the rules, every members of a society above the age of 21 years shall be eligible for election or for appointment as member of the administrative council and the Managing Body

- 31. Disqualification for membership of Administrative Council and Managing Body: A member shall not be eligible for being chosen, or for being appointed, as a member of the administrative council and the affiliated if such member-
  - (a) Is adjudged by a competent Court to be insolvent or of unsound mind.
  - (b) Has been punished with imprisonment for an office involving moral turpitude;
  - (c) Is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with the society;
  - (d) In s credit society has failed to pay in three consecutive years immediately preceding the election at least an mount equivalent to one year's installment fixed for the repayment of the loan.
- **32.** Cessation of membership of Administrative Council and Managing Body:- A director shall cease to hold office.-
  - (a) If he becomes subject to any disqualification mentioned in rule 321, or
  - (b) If he resigns his office by notice in writing to the administrative council or the managing body concerned; or
  - (c) If, without the consent of the administrative council or the managing body, he is absent from meeting for more than three consecutive meeting; or
  - (d) If the society of which he is a representative is dissolved or disaffiliated.
- **33.** Removal, expulsion, etc., of the Secretary, Treasurer, Directors and other office-bearers:-(i) The Secretary or Treasurer of a society or any other office-bearer may be removed from office by a resolution of a meeting of the General Assembly specially convened for the purpose.
  - (2) Unless otherwise provided in the bye-laws in the terms of appointment, any office of a society appointed by the administrative council or the managing body may be removed from his office by the said council or body.
- **34**. At least fifteens days' notice of all meetings of the administrative council and at least four days' notice all meetings of the managing body shall be given to each member specifying the date, hour and place of the meeting with a statement of business to be transacted threat:

Provided that-

- (i) No business transacted at meeting of the administrative council or the managing body so convened shall be deemed invalid on account of non-receipt of the notice by a member in due time; and
- (ii) Provided that any urgent business though not included in the agenda accompanying the notice, may be brought up and considered with the consent of all the members present at the meeting.
- 35. **Powers of the Administrative Council and Managing Body:-** The administrative council or the managing body shall exercise all or nay of the following powers as may be provide in the bye-laws-
  - (i) To admit new members and to suspend, fine, remove or expel existing member;
  - (ii) To raise funds;
  - (iii) To invest funds;
  - (iv) To appoint salaried or non-salaried officers for proper conduct of the business, on such terms as to remuneration, security, etc., and with such powers ands authorities including the powers to enter contracts on behalf of the society as they may deem fit and to fine their duties;
  - (v) To dismiss, suspend or punish each officers mentioned in sub-clause (iv)

- (vi) To institute, defend or compromise legal proceedings;
- (vii) To dispose of applications for loan and to determine the security to be taken;
- (viii) To appoint sub-committees as may be deemed necessary from time to time; and
- (ix) To delegate, with or without conditions, or any of the power exercisable by the administrative council or the managing body to any office-bearer or to any committee formed.
- 36. **Duties of the Administrative Council and the Managing Body**:-The administrative council or the managing body shall observe in all their transactions the provisions of the Act, Rules, bye-laws and directions of the Registrar sand shall cause to performed the following duties namely:-
  - (1) To provide for the management of the affairs of the society;
  - (2) To receive and disburse money;
  - (3) To maintain true account of money received and expended and of assets and liabilities:
  - (4) To prepare for submission to the annual meeting of the general assembly-
  - (a) An annual report on the working of the society;
  - (b) An annual statement of accounts which shall include:-
  - (i) Cash account;
  - (ii) Balance sheet:
  - (iii) Trading account (if any);
  - (iv) Profit and loss account; and
  - (v) Profit and loss appropriation account,
  - (5) To prepare the statement of account to requires for audit and to place them before the auditors;
  - (6) To prepare and submit all statements and returns required by the Registrar in such forma as he may direct;
  - (7) To enter account of the society regularly in proper registers:
  - (8) To maintain a register of members up-to-date;
  - (9) To facilitate the inspection of books and records by the inspecting officers;
  - (10) To convene meetings of the general assemble on requisition;
  - (11) To convene the annual meeting of General Assembly in due time;
  - (12) To watch that the loans are applied for the purposes they are advanced and that they are repaid punctually.
  - (13) To examine and take prompt action in cases of all arrears and defaults in respect of repayment of loan;
  - (14) To examine the stack register and verify the actual stock;
  - (15) To supervise and examine the work of the sub-committees and the office-bearers; and
  - (16) To perform such other duties as may be entrusted by the General Assembly.
  - (17) (a) No society, without prior approval of the Registrar, shall take into consideration any balance sheet at its annual general meeting or make any distribution of its profits by way of dividend or bonus or otherwise among its office-bearers, employees and members, unless and until the balance sheet (for the period during which such profits have accrued) shall have been certified to be a true and correct statement of the financial position of the society by the Registrar or the person authorized by him in that behalf.
  - (b) All societies with limited liabilities shall obtain the Registrar's approval to their proposal of the distribution of the profits whether to their office-bearers or employees or members before considering it at the annual general meeting.

- 37. **Deputation of government servant to manage the affairs of a Cooperative society:** (1) A Government servant when deputed to the service of a Cooperative Society by the Government of Meghalaya under Section 35 shall be called the executive Officer of the society.
- (2) subject to any condition to the contrary that the government of Meghalaya may in any particular case think fit to impose he shall be under the general control of the administrative council or the managing body of the Society as the case may be and shall exercise the following powers in the conduct of the business of the society, namely;
- (a) have full control over the staff of the society with power to punish, suspend or dismiss any member therof; provided that the poser of dismissal shall be exercised with the previous concurrence of the administrative council or the managing body as the case may be;
- (b) to institute, defend or compromise legal proceedings
- 38. **Duties of executive officer-** Unless otherwise directed by the administrative council or the managing body as the case may be the executive shall perform the following duties namely:-
- (i) receive all money on behalf of the society and issue receipts;
- (i) Pay all costs of management and working expenses out of the funds of the society, e.g. salaries of the staff travelling and other contingent expenses, necessary for the work of the Society;
- (iii) deposits all money received on behalf of the society as well as securities and other effects as prescribes under rule 55;
- (iv) maintain regular and accurate accounts;
- (v) maintain records in prescribed form;
- (vi) convene meeting of the administrative council or the managing body as may be necessary from time to time;
- (vii) Submit such statement as required by the administrative council or the managing body
- **39 Procedure in case of different of opinion** In the event of any different of opinion between the Executive Officer and the Administrative council or the managing body of the Society, with regard to any matter concerning its management not expressly covered by the Act, the rules, the Bye-laws and conditions laid down by the government of Meghalaya at the time of appointment, the Executive Officer may refer the matter to the Registrar whose decision shall be final.
- **40.** Executive Officer:- cost of his service, withdrawal, etc.. The Executive officer shall be indemnified out of the funds of the Co-operative Society for all cost, charges, travelling and other expenses incurred by him in the discharge of his duties in conducting its business and no suit or legal proceeding whatever shall lie against him in respect of anything done in good faith or intended to be done in accordance with the powers conferred on him.
- (2) At any time the government of Meghalaya may after giving one month's notice withdraw the service of the Government servant deputed to manage the affairs of the society.
- (3) The society at any time by a resolution, in the meeting of the General Assembly apply to the State government for withdrawing any government servant so deputed.
- (4) the society shall make contribution towards the cost of the deputation of the officer as the government of Meghalaya may direct.

- **41.** suspension or supersession of an Administrative Council a Managing or any other **Body**: (1) In case where the administrative council or the managing body of a society after receipt of a notice fails to carry out the direction of the Registrar issue under Section 36 or forwards its reasons for not so doing, the Registrar after due consideration of the reasons given, may be an order in writing-
- (i) withdraw or modify the order; or
- (ii) dissolve the administrative Council or the managing body.
- (2) (i) where as an emergent measure the Registrar of considers it necessary to suspend forthwith the administrative Council, managing or other bodies, and appoint a person or persons, to be in full control of the suspended body until a new body has been elected or action has been taken in accordance with Section 37, the registrar shall fix the date and time by which the person or persons appointed shall take over charge of the society from the suspended body and prescribe the condition under which they will work.
- (ii) Rule 40 shall be applicable in case of person or persons so appointed.
- 42. **Appointment of person or persons to manage the affairs of a Society:-**(1) When the Registrar orders the administrative council managing or any other body as the case any be of a society to be dissolved and appoints a persons under Section 37 he shall fix-
  - (i) The date and time by which charge of the society shall be taken over from the dissolved body;
  - (ii) The condition under which work shall be carried on;
  - (iii) The remuneration, if any, to be paid to manage the affairs of the society;
  - (iv) The security if any to be furnished by those appointed; and
  - (v) The date by which a new administrative council, managing or other body, as the case may be, is to be elected.
  - (2) Unless otherwise directed by the Registrar, the remuneration of any person or persons appointed under Section 37 shall be defrayed out of the funds of the society.

# CHAPTER V Duties of Registered society.

- 43. **Document to be kept open to inspection**. In addition to the provisions of Section 41, every society shall keep documents and allow inspection by any member of the society
  - (i) the register of members,
  - (ii) the register of the members of the administrative council if any and of the Managing body, and
  - (iii) other books and records of the society.
- 44. **Rights of members of Co-operative Society with unlimited liability to see accounts** The members of Cooperative Societies with unlimited liability shall have a right to see the accounts of all the borrowers of such societies in the offices of the Societies Concerned.
- 45. Fees for Inspection of documents, bye -laws, etc.- Members of Cooperative Societies on a written application stating the purpose may on payment of a fee of two rupees for each document on each occasion of inspection, and with the permission of Registrar inspect any public documents exclusive of documents privileged under Sections 123, 124, 129 and 131 of the Indian Evidence Act, I of 1872, such as –

- (i) general Register,
- (ii) certificate of Registration,
- (iii) bye-laws,
- (iv) amendments of bye-laws
- (v) orders for its cancellation
- (vi) the annual cash account, balance sheet and revenue accounts, and
- (vii) Audit memorandum.
- 46. **Fees for certified copies of documents.** Certified copies of any document, which any person has right under the foregoing sub-rule to inspect, shall be supplied on payment of two rupees for a certificate of registration of a Cooperative Society and in case of other documents a calculated at the rate of four annas for each hundred words of the copy taken, subject to a minimum of rupees two.
- 47. (1) The maximum amount which a Society may receive as deposit and borrow from its members and non-members shall be determined at an Annual General Meeting of the Society shall borrow beyond the maximum amount so determined and in force for the time being.

Provided that Registrar or any person authorized by him may at any time, reduce the limit fixed by the General Assembly.

- (2) Save as is provided in rule 48 no society shall incur liabilities from persons who are not members in excess of the maximum limit fixed from time to time in a meeting of the General Assembly subject to the approval of the Registrar.
- 48. **Restriction of borrowings of society with unlimited liability**. A Cooperative Society with unlimited liability which is a member of an affiliating financing bank shall not take loans from any non-member without the sanction of the affiliating society and where the Society is not a member of such affiliating society, without the previous sanction of the Registrar.
- 49. **Restriction on borrowings of limited liability Society.-** No society with limited liability shall, by accepting deposits, or loans or in any other way incur liabilities exceeding fifteen times the sum of the paid up share capital and the reserve fund for the time being separately invested outside the business of the society.

## Provided that –

- (a) The Apex Bank or a Central Cooperative Bank for the purpose of financing its affiliated societies the Apex Bank may incur liabilities by floating debentures, accepting deposits or in any other way to the extent of twenty times the value of paid up share capital and the reserve fund for the time being separately invested, unless relaxation is made by Registrar by an order in writing.
- (b) An agricultural society or a bank financing such societies may with the permission of the Registrar or any person authorized on his behalf and under such conditions as he may impose, incur liabilities for the purpose of advancing seasonal loans to members for production of crops and for financing the disposal of produce, repayable within a period of twelve months, irrespective of the amount of its paid up share capital or reserve fund separately invented outside the business.

# **50.** Restrictions on borrowings by Societies

- (1) Cooperative Societies may accept fixed deposits from members and (1) Fixed deposits non-members, subject of such rules and restrictions and for such periods as the Registrar may deem fir to impose, provided always that efficient management is ensured and that adequate fluid resources are maintained according to the rules prescribed.
- (2) All Cooperatives Societies with, limited liability other than agricultural credit
- (2) Saving Bank deposits societies and other types of societies in rural areas which make adequate provision for fluid resources as provided for in the rules, may accept savings bank deposits both from members and non-members, subject to rules for deposits framed by the Society and approved by the Registrar.
- (3) No Cooperative Society undertake current deposit accounts business without the
- (3) Current Deposits. sanction of the Registrar and such sanction shall not be given by the Registrar unless he is satisfied about the stability of the concern and of its provisions for adequate fluid resources as prescribed under the rules.
- 51. **Provision for fluid resources or liquid covers** .- Any Cooperative Society, accepting loans and deposits as provided in the foregoing rules shall keep the maximum fluid resources against loans and deposits held by it according to the following scale:
  - 25 percent of the amount held in fixed deposits and loans due for (i) repayment within the ensuing six months (less the amounts for which written notice of renewal has been received);
  - 33 percent of the amount held in savings deposits; (ii)
  - 60 percent of the amount held in current deposit; and (iii)
  - the entire amount of undrawn cash credits granted. (iv)

Explanation. - "Fluid Resources" means any assets which can be converted into ready cash at once and which are maintained in one or more of the following forms:-

- (a) Cash in hand, or in banks or with bankers approved by the Registrar;
- (b) Government securities, including post office cash certificates;
- © Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks;
- (c) Other investment of a liquid nature in outside concerns approved by the Registrar; and
- (d) the undrawn portion of assured cash credit with
  - any joint-stock bank or private banker approved by the Registrar; or (i)
  - (ii) the Apex Bank or any other Cooperative Bank approved by the Registrar.
- 52. Registrar's power to permit a decrease in the proportion of fluid resources, etc.-Under special circumstances, the Registrar may, by general or special order, empower any particular society or any class of socie ties to reduce the proportions of the fluid resources as mentioned in rule 51.
- 53. (1) Restriction on issue of loans. Every credit society of unlimited liability shall

from time to time, fix in the annual general meeting of the General Assembly the maximum liability a member may incur. The maximum limit so fixed shall be subject to the

(1) Fixation of maximum liability of a member of

credit society with unlimited liability.

Sanction of the Registrar or some person
Authorized by him who may if he thinks fit, reduce it or impose
such conditions as he may think necessary. No loan shall be granted to an individual member
of a society which shall bring his total debts to the society exceeding the maximum amount
so fixed.

- (2) In any Cooperative Society in which the liability of the members is
- Limited by shares, no loan shall be granted to a member exceeding (2) *Fixation of maxi*ten times the amount of the share capital paid by him but not exceeding the limit provided in the bye-laws or determined by the
- mum liability of a exceeding the limit provided in the bye-laws or de annual general meeting of the General Assembly. liability society.
  - oility society.

    (a) a society may grant loans to its members upto twenty times the amount of share its poid up by a member in case of such loans bring issued on mortgage or valuable.
- (a) a society may grant loans to its members upto twenty times the amount of share capital paid up by a member, in case of such loans bring issued on mortgage or valuable security, as provided in sub-section (2) (c) of Section 44 of the Act;
- (b) the Apex Bank or any other financing bank may grant loans to any affiliated Cooperative land mortgage bank upto twenty times the amount of share capital paid up by the land mortgage bank;
- © the Apex Bank may advance loans to an affiliated society engaged in the purchase of production and disposal of goods of its members in excess of ten times the share capital paid up by such society;
- (c) an agricultural society may grant loans to its members repayable within a period of twelve months for facilitating the production or disposal of produce, irrespective of the amount of the share capital paid up by such member with the previous permission of the Registrar and under such conditions as he may impose.
- 54. **Maximum and normal credit to members**.- A Cooperative Society shall determine and fix the maximum of normal credit of its members in a manner as it thinks fit; provided that
  - (a) in a Primary non-agricultural credit society, the maximum or normal credit of a member shall be determined by taking into consideration his assets, liabilities and his repaying capacity;
  - (b) in a Primary agricultural credit society the maximum or normal credit shall not exceed one-half of the total value of the agricultural lands of a member which is actually under his cultivation during the period of assessing normal credit or two thirds of the total estimated net income from such lands during the period of the repayment of the loan whichever is less.

#### CHAPTER - VI

*Property and Funds of Registered Society.* 

- 55. **Investment of Fund.** In addition to the provision made in Section 51, a Cooperative Society may invest or deposit its funds
  - (i) with the Meghalaya Cooperative Apex Bank Limited, or
  - (ii) in the purchase or leasing of land buildings; or

- (iii) in the construction of buildings, provided that the purchase of such land or the construction of such building, is likely to be advantageous to the society in its working ;or
- (iv) in any other manner permitted by the Registrar.
- 56. **Reserve Fund and its object.** (i) Every society shall form and maintain a reserve fund which shall belong to the society as a whole and shall be built up by carrying in each year not less than twenty five percent of its net profits. The fund shall be indivisible and no member shall have any claim or share in it
- (ii) With the previous sanction of the Registrar, a Cooperative Society with shares and with limited liability may meet the loss of any year partly or wholly from the reserve fund provided that no dividend or share, bonus, patronage dividend or rebate is paid during the year out of the profit. No less than fifty percent of the reserve shall be separately invested every year not to be utilized in the ordinary working of the Society subject to Rule 58.
- 57. **Creation of reserve fund in a Society.** (i) In every registered Society with unlimited liability and without shares not less than three-fourth of the net profits in any year shall be carried to the reserve fund
- (ii). In every Cooperative Society with shares and with unlimited liability not less than one-half of the net profits in any year shall be carried to the reserve fund until that fund sis equal to one-half of the total borrowed capital; thereafter not less than one-third of the net profits in any year until the reserve fund equals the amount of borrowed capital and thereafter not less than one-fourth of the net profits in any year shall be carried to the reserve fund.

Provided that if by any increase in the borrowed capital the proportion of the reserve fund to the borrowed capital is reduced in any year, the share of the net profits to be credited to the reserve fund shall be raised to the extend required until the proportion is restored.

- 58. Use of reserve fund in the business of a society.- A Cooperative Society may, subject to the approval of the Registrar and to such conditions as he may impose, use in its business
  - (i) upto one-third of its reserve fund when the owned capital is less than the borrowed capital;
  - (ii) upto two thirds of its reserve fund when the owned capital is equal to or exceeds the borrowed capital; and
  - (iii) the entire reserve fund when there is no borrowed capital:

Provided that a society not being a credit society may, with the special sanction of the Registrar utilize the whole of its reserve fund in its business.

59. Contribution to Charitable purposes. - (1) After the proportion required by subsection (1) of rule 56 above has been carried to the reserve fund from the profits of the year every Cooperative Society –

shall, in the manner prescribed, contribute an amount not exceeding 6 ½ percent

Co-operative Development Fund.

of the year's net profits for Cooperative education and for such other purposes, as prescribed herein, to be credited to a fund to be called "The Cooperative Development Fund" (hereinafter referred to as the Fund).

Provided that if the net profit of any year of a society do not exceed Rs.200, the society shall not be required to contribute anything towards Cooperative Development Fund for that year.

- (2) (i) The fund shall be administered by a Committee appointed by the State Government composed of –
- (a) the Registrar (Ex-officio);
- (b) the Deputy Registrar of Cooperative Societies (Ex-officio);
- © an Economist;
- (d) a representative of rural credit societies;
- (e) a representative of trading and consumer societies, and
- (f) a representative of other types of Societies;
- (g) one member of the State Legislative Assembly;

One or two other members connected with the Cooperative Movement likely to be helpful may be co-opted if necessary.

- (ii). The Registrar shall be the Chairman with the Deputy Registrar of Cooperative Societies as the Secretary and the Treasurer of the Committee. The Registrar shall frame rules for the detailed procedure of working and disposal of the Fund.
- (3). Every Cooperative Society shall, at the close of each Cooperative year after consideration of the audited balance sheet in the General Assembly, make such contribution to the fund as may be approved by the General Assembly.
- (4). All sums so contributed shall forthwith be sent by the respective societies to the Apex Bank or to such other bank as the Registrar may direct.
- (5). The fund may be utilized for any one of the following purposes, namely –
- (a) the education of members of Cooperative Societies in co-operative principles and practice ; or
  - (b) the development of new types of Co-operative Societies; or
  - © the improvement of Cooperative Societies in general.
- **60.** Charitable purposes. A Cooperative Society may build up a fund and contribute not more than 6 ½ percent of net profits for any charitable purpose including relief of the poor, education, medical relief and the advancement of any other object of general public utility. Purposes relating exclusively to religious teaching or worship are, however, excluded. Any contribution out of the fund shall be made with the approval of the Registrar.
- 61. **Distribution of net profits**.- After making the allocation to the reserve fund as prescribed in Rules 56 and 59, the remaining "net profits "may be distributed according to the provision in the bye-laws of the society subject to
  - (a) No Cooperative Society shall pay its share holders in any year a dividend exceeding twelve and a half percent on the paid-up (1) *Payment of dividend on* shares unless otherwise permitted by the Registrar In writing:

Provided that is any Cooperative Society other than a credit society is enable to pay a dividend of four percent of any year, it may make good the deficit by paying the difference out of profits in future years at any time not later than five years immediately succeeding the year of such deficit :-

- (b) no dividend shall be paid by any Cooperative Society with shares and unlimited liability without the previous sanction of the Registrar and that the rate of such dividend shall not exceed 6 ¼ percent per annum on the paid-up shares:
- (c) no Cooperative Society shall declare a dividend at a rate exceeding that recommended by its administrative Council, or Managing Body.
- (d) a Society may credit in any year a sum out of the dividend allotted under

  (a) above not exceeding 3 percent on the

  Dividend Equalization Fund.

  paid-up share capital to a fund called the

  "Dividend Equalization Fund" till the total

amount in such fund accumulates to 9 percent of the paid-up share capital:

Provided that except for the purpose of paying a dividend no withdrawals from such fund shall be made without the previous written sanction of the Registrar.

- **62. Patronage dividend or rebate.** A Cooperative Society may set apart a certain percent of its net profits as provided in the bye-laws for the payment of patronage dividend or rebate to its members in proportion to the money value of the business transacted by them during the year with the society as buyers, sellers, wage earning producers, or otherwise, if such payment is recommended by the Managing Body and approved by the General Assembly.
- (b). In case advance patronage dividend is allowed to be paid under Section 54 (2), the total amount of such patronage dividend shall not exceed the limit as provided in the bye-laws.
- 63. Payment of bonus or remuneration. A Cooperative Society may set apart not more than 30 percent of its net profits as provided in the bye-laws for the payment of bonus or remuneration to its members, office bearers, salaried, officers, employees or other helpers if such payment is recommended by the Managing Body and approved by the General Assembly.
- 64. **Provision for bad and doubtful debts.** All Cooperative Soc ieties other than the Societies with unlimited liability and without shares, shall be required to make adequate provisions for bad and doubtful assets if any such asset is declared bad or doubtful as prescribed in sub-section 2 (b) of section 54.

Unless such provision has been made or any exemption has been granted, by the Registrar on the recommendation of the Audit Officer, no society shall pay any dividend, bonus, remuneration, patronage dividend or rebate.

65. Provision for building fund.- A Cooperative Society may create a separate fund out of profits for the purpose of constructing buildings for conducting its business and such a fund shall be called a "Building Fund". The amount of such fund, when not used for the

purpose for which it has been created may be utilized in the business or be invested or deposited with any Bank approved by the Registrar.

**66. Payment of interest on share capital.** – Fixed interest on share capital may be paid to members as provided in the bye-laws but such interest shall be taken into account before arriving at net profits.

#### CHAPTER VII.

## AUDIT.

- 67. **Explanation of bad or doubtful asset** Any asset in a Society declared as bad or doubtful by an audit officer in his report as provided in sub-section (2) (b) of Section 54 shall be interpreted in the following manner-
- (a) If a member fails for three consecutive years without reasonable acceptable to the Managing Committee to pay at least 25 percent of each of the installments of principal and interests fixed for repayment of a loan at the time of its issue, then notwithstanding that on an examination of his assests and the assests of his sureties, if any, the debt appears to be covered by the value of such assests, the debt may be considered as doubtful.

(b) (i) when the total amount due by a member to a Cooperative Society by way of principal and interest exceeds the total of his assests and the available assests of his sureties, if any, and the amount due by way of arrear interest exceeds three years demand, such excess of his total dues including interest over the total assests shall be considered as bad debt. Besides, where a member has inadequate repaying capacity and ha and his sureties have no available assests, the debt shall be termed as bad debt.

- (ii) A debt considered as doubtful if not recovered after action has been taken under Chapter X or section 70 of the Act to recover it or the recovery of which has become barred by limitation shall be considered as a bad debt.
- 68. **Writing off of bad debts-** (i) Best proceedings to take action to write off any assest considered bad, all possible steps shall be taken by the Managing Committee including amicable persuasion, action under Chapter X or Section 70 of the Act.
- (2) Any debt considered bad shall if so approved by the Registrar be written off by the annual meeting of the General Assembly, in the following order against-
  - (i) the bad debt fund or any created out of profits as provision for bad debts,
  - (ii) any other fund created out of profits but not earmarked for any specific purpose.
  - (iii) the reserve fund constituted under Rules 56 and 59.

When the Society is affiliated to a financing Bank and is indebted to it the Registrar shall consult the financing bank before sanctioning the writing off of any debt.

- 69. **Date of audit of Cooperative Society** Unless the Registrar directs otherwise for any Society or Class of Societies, the annual statutory audit as provided in Section 55, shall be conducted and the audit report shall be submitted.
- (i) in case of a primary agricultural credit society, within nine months and
- (ii) in case of any order society, within six months, from the date of close of the Co-operative year.

- 70. **Procedure of audit** (1) Unless the Registrar directs otherwise the audit of a Co-operative Society be conducted in the registered office of the Society.
- (2) Previous and timely intimation shall always be given, to the society by the audit officer before the audit is commenced. Provided that the verification or examination required under clauses (i) (ii) and (iii) of Section 37 may be carried out by any audit officer without any previous intimation to the society.
- (3) The defects and errors detected in course of audit and which can be remedied on the spot shall be rectified by the audit officer and he shall also convene a meeting of the Managing body for rectification of all defects including account irregularities which can be remedied by the Managing Committee. All other defects of a serious nature shall be remedied in the annual meeting of the General Assembly subject to provisions under Sections 58 and 59.
- (4) The officers and employees of the society shall give the audit officer all assistance necessary for the conduct and completion of the audit and for this purpose in particular prepare such statements and take such action with regard to the verification or examination of its accounts as he may require.
- 71. (i) When the annual audit of a Cooperative Society is completed, the audit officer wull re cord a certificate in the Cash Book in the following form-
- "Certified that I have this day completed the audit of the ------for the period from------to ---------and that a copy of the balance sheet together with the statement of accounts audited and the audit report with the statement as required under Section 58 shall be sent within a week to the Society for record "
- (2) The audit certificate in the balance sheets of the audit officer shall be in the following form-

I report that I have audited the Balance sheets as at------and the annexed profit and loss account for the year ended------and have obtained all the informations and explanations I required. In my opinion the Balance Sheet and the profits and loss account have been drawn up in conformity with the law and subject to my separate report of even date, the balance sheet exhibits a true and correct view of the state of the society's affairs according to the best of my information and the explanations given to me and as shown by the books of the society.

- **72. Form of Audit statements -** The statement of accounts shall be prepared by the managing body in such forms as the Registrar may prescribe or approve.
- **73. Audit fee-** (i) For the purpose of audit of a registered society the Cooperative year shall begin on the 1<sup>st</sup> July and end on the 30<sup>th</sup> June each year and a physical stock taking shall be done by every appropriate society to ascertain the actual value of stock as it stands on the 30<sup>th</sup> June.
- (2) Every registered society shall be assessed audit fees at the rate and in the manner as prescribed in sub-rules (3) and (4) of this rule and such fees shall be collected at the time of audit for the year to which the audit relates.

- (3) Audit fees of a registered Society shall be assessed on the networking capital of the society as it stood of the previous year which shall include (a) share capital (b) deposits (c) borrowings (d) undistributed profits and all others funds of the society utilized inj the business of the Society.
- (4) Audit fees of a registered Society or a class of registered Societies shall be assessed at the following rates:-
  - (a) Primary Credit Societies-----at annas 8 per one hundred rupees subject to a maximum of Rs.150.
  - (b) All other Cooperative societies ------at Rs.1 per one hundred rupees to a maximum of Rs.5,000 unless the society has regional branches in which case the maximum shall be Rs.10,000.
- (5) The Registrar may at his discretion for reasons to be recorded in writing remit wholly or in part the audit fees payable by any registered society under these rules.
- 74. (a) Collection and assessment of audit fees- (1) An auditing officer on completion of the audit of a registered society shall cause to be filled up the relevant columns of the 'Return of Audit Fees' by the Secretary or the Manager of the Society in 6 copies in Form no.1 annexed to these rules on the spot and shall collect the total sum payable on this provisional assessment by the society as shown against item 11 of form no.1 then and there and shall furnish an official printed receipt ,the counterfoil receipt being kept by him. A copy of the 'Return of Audit Fees' shall be retained by the society.
- (2) In case of default the total sum payable shall be realized under section 83 (1) of the Act.
- (3) The auditing officer shall immediately after the collection of the audit fees of a registered society deposits them in a treasury or Sub-Treasury under the "XXXL-Co-operation-I Audit Fees".
- (4) The auditing officer, after filling up the relevant column of the remaining 5 copies of the "Return of Audit Fees" and certifying the particulars to be correct shall forward 4 copies thereof, together with the receipted copy of the treasury challan to his Regional Auditor.

# **CHAPTER VIII**

# **INQUIRY AND INSPECTION**

- 79. **Procedure of enquiry under section 60 and inspection under section 61-**(1) Unless the Registrar otherwise directs the enquiry regarding the affairs of a Co-operative Society under section 60 shall, be conducted in its registered office.
- (2) Timely intimation shall be given to the society before the enquiry is held: Provided that the verification of the cash balance and securities or the examination of any particular register and registers may be carried out without any previous intimation to the society.
- (3) The officers, employees and other members shall furnish all information required by the inspecting officer for the completion of the enquiry and for this purpose they shall prepare such statements and take such action as may be necessary for the verification

and examination of society's records as required by him to look into its constitution, working and financial condition under section 60 or section 61

- (4) (i) The Registrar or any person authorized by him under sections 45, 55, 60,61 and 76 of the Act shall have power to required by summons the production at a convenient places of any books documents or accounts relating to the affairs of society or of cash belonging to the society by the person in possession of such books, documents or cash
- (ii) Such summons may be sent by registered post or served in the manner prescribed by Rule 98 (2).
- (iii) Any person duly summoned sub-rule (i) above to appear or to produce any document or cash shall be liable to the same penalties as provided in Rule 105.
- 80. **Inspection of affiliated societies by members of the paid staff of a financing bank** A member of the paid staff of a financing bank may be certified as competent to inspect Co-operative Societies if he-
  - (i) is regular employee of the bank and has received training in institution or in any other way approved by the Registrar adequate for supervising and inspecting a society; and
  - (ii) possesses such qualifications as the Registrar may from time to time require.

# CHAPTER IX Settlement of disputes

81. A. dispute referred to under section 63 shall include claims by a Cooperative Society for debts or any other demands due to it from a member or past member or the heirs or assets of a past member or from others as provided in sub-sections (a), (b), (c) and (d) of Section 63 whether such debts or demands be admitted or not

Provided, however, that if the question at issue between a Co-operative society and a claimant or different claimants, is one involving complicated questions of law and fact, the Registrar may, if he thinks fir, suspend proceedings in the matter until the question has been tried by a regular suit instituted by one of the parties or by the society concerned. If no such suit is instituted within three months of the Registrar's order suspending proceedings, the Registrar shall take action as prescribed in Section 64.

- **82 Disputes and appointment of arbitrators** (1) When the Registrar decided to refer a dispute made under section 63 for disposal to a Board composed of more than one arbitrators he shall
  - (i) Issue a notice calling on each of the parties to nominate one person as its nominee within such time as he direct and where a party consists of more than one person shall jointly make only one nomination.
  - (ii) Shall nominate the third arbitrator who shall act as Chairman.
- (2) In case of difference of opinion within the appointed the two arbitrators, the Chairman's verdict will prevail
- (3) If a party fails to make a nomination within the appointed, the Registrar may himself make the nomination

- (4) If one of the arbitrators fails to attend or refuses to work as an arbitrator, the remaining arbitrators shall refer the case to the Registrar who shall cancel the appointment of the arbitrators, and may either-
  - (a) Constitute a new Board under sub-section (i) (b) of Section 64 and sub-rule (1) above; or
  - (b) Appoint only one arbitrator; or
  - (c) Decide the case himself by making an award in the manner as provided in Rules 88 and 89.
- **83.** Person qualified to be appointed as arbitrators. The Registrar may appoint an arbitrator or arbitrators from-
  - (i) Officers of the Co-operative Department;
  - (ii) Officer of any other department of Government of Meghalaya
  - (iii) Members officers or paid employees of Co-operative Societies
  - (iv) Members of any local body;
  - (v) Teachers of any educational institutions; or
  - (vi) Registrar accountants
- **84. Payment of remuneration to arbitrators** -(a) Remuneration may be paid to arbitrators in such cases as the Registrar thinks proper.
- (b) Remuneration to the arbitrators will be fixed by the Registrar subject to a minimum of five rupees and maximum of fifty rupees to each arbitrator in each case, payable from the funds of the society and would be found due by the arbitrator or arbitrators or the Chairman.
- (c) When any remuneration is to be paid to the arbitrators it shall be deposits with the Registrar by the society concerned in such manner as he may direct before the arbitrator is appointed
- (d) No remuneration shall be payable to an arbitrator till the dispute referred to his is finally decided.
- **85.** Payment of expenses of disputes referred to the Registrar- The Registrar or his nominee and the arbitrators shall have power to order the expenses of determining the dispute to be paid out of the funds of the society, or by such party or parties to the dispute as they may think fir, according to a scale as laid down by the Registrar. The Registrar may fix fees to be paid to his nominee out of the expenses so recovered.
- **86. Reference of a dispute:** A reference to the Registrar of any dispute under section 63 shall be in writing and shall be accompanied by-
  - (a) Statement of the subject-matter of the dispute referred to, in the form set forth in the schedule:
  - (b) A statement of the claims in the form as set forth in the schedule;
  - (c) Copy of the ledger account of the defendant in respect of money suit; and
  - (d) Such other statement or records as may be required by the Registrar
- **87. Fee for filling a dispute:** Every application for reference of a dispute to the Registrar under section 63 shall bear a court-fee stamp of one rupee the Registrar permits otherwise.
- **88.** Procedure for disposal of dispute: in such proceeding, the Registrar or his nominee or the arbitrator appointed under sub-section (1) (b) of Section 64 shall fix the date, hour and the place of the hearing of the dispute and issue notices to the parties concerned in form as set

forth in the schedule. The arbitrator shall have power to appoint or remove guardians and next friends

- (2)The arbitrator may issue summons or notices at least fifteen days before the date fixed for the hearing of the dispute requiring-
  - (i) The attendance of the parties concerned and of witnesses; and
  - (ii) The production of all books and documents relating to the matter in dispute;
  - (iii) Shall have the power to administer oaths of all parties concerned.
- (3) Summons or notices may be served by-
  - (i) Personal service through the Chairman or the Secretary or a member of the staff of the society or any of the dispute; or
  - (ii) Registered post with acknowledgment due; or
  - (iii) Affixing a copy of the summons or notice at the last known place of residence or business of the person concerned though any office bearer or employee of the society, when he refuses to accept the notice and sign the acknowledgment or he cannot be found.
- (4) Service of summons or notice on the Chairman the Secretary or the principal executive office by whatever designation known shall be regarded as service on that society.
- (5) Where the serving office delivers or tenders a copy of the summons personally to the person summoned or to an agent or other person on his behalf, he shall required the signature of the person to whom the copy is so delivered or tendered to an acknowledgment of service endorsed on the original summons.
- (6) The serving office in all cases, in which the summons has been served under clauses (i) and (iii) of sub-rule (3), cause to be endorsed on, or annexed to, the original summons, a return, stating the time when and the manner in which the summons was served and the name and address of the person, if any, identifying the person concerned and witnessing the delivery or tender of the summons.
- (7) The sufficiency of proof of service of summons or notice shall be decided by the authority issuing the same
- (8) In the case of absence of any party to the suit duly summoned, the dispute may be decided ex-part.
- (9) In these proceedings neither party shall be represented by any legal practitioner.
- **89. Decision or Award** \_ (1) The Registrar of his nominee, the arbitrator deciding the dispute shall record a brief note in English or in the vernacular of the proceedings together with a memorandum of the statements of the parties who attend and of such witnesses as are examined, and upon evidence so recoded, and after consideration of any documentary evidence produced by the parties shall give a decision or make an award as the case may be in accordance with justice, equity and good conscience; he shall record his decision or award in writing in the form as set forth in the schedule, sign and date it and shall communicate it to the parties concerned.
- (2) If no award is made immediately, upon the conclusion of the hearing of the parties, the Registrar and his nominee, the arbitrator shall fix the date, and [lace of delivery of the award and shall, except for reasons to be recorded in writing, deliver the award on the date so fixed.
- (3) The award shall be communicated to the parties by-
  - (i) Pronouncement of the award; or

- (ii) Registered post to any party absent on such date.
- **90.** Withdrawal of a reference by Registrar:- On an application by any party to an arbitration proceeding pending before an authority other than the Registrar deciding the dispute, the Registrar may for reasons to be recorded in writing withdraw the reference from the authority appointed to decide the dispute and may decide the dispute himself or make fresh appointment.
- **91.** Execution of decision or award:- (1) in any dispute other than a claim in respect of any sum payable to or by a Co-operative Society, the decision or the award of the Registrar or his nominee the arbitrator shall be enforceable by any civil court having local jurisdiction in the same manner as a decree of such court upon application, as if it were as decree of the court.
- (2) When an award in a monetary dispute has been obtained against a society, it shall not be executed except against the assets of the society, including amounts dues to the society by its members.
- (3) When an award in a monetary dispute has been obtained, it should be sent to the Registrar of such other officer as may have powers delegated to hi m in this behalf, for reducing the award in the for of a Co-operative Demand Certificate under 83, if the amount has not been realized within two months from the date of the award.
- (4) When the Co-operative Demand Certificate is received from the issuing office duly signed, it will then be submitted to the head of the local administration having jurisdiction, for the recovery of the amount as arrears of land revenue.
- 92 **Disposal of Records (1)** The original records of dispute proceedings after the decision or award has been delivered shall be kept in such place and manners as the Registrar may direct from time to time.
- (2) Any document or record tendered by a party in any dispute may on application be returned to the party after the disposal of appeal, if any or after the period for appeal.
- **93** Certified copy:- A copy of the decision or award shall, on application be given to a party by the Registrar duly certifies on payment of such fees as the Registrar may fix, subject to a maximum limit of four annas for each hundred words or a part thereof.
- **94. Procedure for conditional attachment of property:** (1) An application for a condition order of attachment under sub-section (3) of Section 64 shall be made to the Registrar and shall contain-
  - (a) Evidence in support of the contention that the party is about to dispose of the whole or any part of his property or is about to remove the whole or part of his property from the local limit of the jurisdiction of the Registrar, and that the party has failed to furnish additional security even on demand; and
  - (b) Full details of the property to be attached, its estimated value and the claim of the society.
- (2) The Registrar on receipt of an application for a conditional order of attachment may direct the defendant, within a time to be fixed by him either to furnish security, in such sum as may be specified in the order to produce and place at the disposal of the Registrar, when requires the said property or its value, or such portion thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the decision or to appear and shoe cause why he should not furnish security.

- (3) Order of attachment, if any, passed by the Registrar shall be served by such person as the Registrar may empower. The person so empowered shall follow, as far as possible, the procedure laid down in order XXI of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
- (4) The Registrar may also in the order direct the conditional attachment of the whole or any portion of the said property so specified.
- (5) Conditional order of attachment shall continue in force until withdrawn for cancelled by the Registrar.
- (6) Such conditional order of attachment, when passed by the Registrar shall be reduced to the form set forth in the schedule.

## CHAPTER-X

# Dissolution Of Society

- **95.** Obligatory cancellation of registration The Registrar shall cancel; the registration of a societies under sub-section (2) (i) and (ii) of Section 65 which
  - (i) has not commenced working within a period of twelve months from the date of registration; and
  - (ii) has not carried on business during the previous eighteen months; after giving the societies a notice in writing in such manner as he thinks fit.
- **96. Remuneration of liquidators** (a) The Registrar may permit a liquidator to utilize such percentage of the collected assets of a dissolved society, as may be determined by him for maintenance of his office and office staff in such manner as the Registrar may determine.
- **97.** Procedure of taking over charge and preparation of final balance sheet. The liquidator while taking over of the dissolved society as provided in Sections 65(3) and 66(2) shall-
  - (i) prepare a list of the books, records, cash and other properties of the society taken charge of;
  - (ii) prepare an up-to date list of-
    - (a) Members,
    - (b) Past members with dates of their withdrawal, and
    - (c) Deceased members, with dates of their decease, name of the legal heirs who represent their estates;
  - (iii) Make a final audit of the accounts of the society;
  - (iv) Draw up final balance sheet as it stands on the date of cancellation of registration; and
  - (v) Prepare a statement in the prescribed form, showing assets and liabilities as in the final balance sheet
- **98. Issue of summons, notices, etc., by a liquidator.-** (1) For carrying out the Purposes of Section 66, the liquidator may issue summons to persons whose attendance is requires either to give evidence or to produce documents. He may compel the attendance of any person to whom summons have been issued and for that purpose issue a warrant for his arrest.
- (2) The liquidator shall sent all such notices, summons or warrant for service to the Districts, Sub divisional and Political officers concerned. He may also send such notices and summons by registered post

- (3) The District, Sub divisional or Political Officers on receipt thereof shall proceed as if such notices summoned or warrants had been issued by him and shall return them to the liquidator with a report of service
- (4) Any person duly summoned by the liquidator to appear before him or to produce any document shall be subject to the same obligations and liable to the same penalties as in the case of summons issued by the court under the provision of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
- (5) The liquidator shall keep short notes of the depositions of the Liquidator to keep persons thus summoned to give evidence.
- (6) The liquidator shall then make an order noting names of members, past members and heirs of the deceased members of the society and the amount to be realized from each as debt or contributions under clause © and (d) of Section 66, the cost of liquidation under clause (e) of the same sub-section.
- (7) All orders relating to fixation of contributions by the liquidator in respect of deficiency in assets shall be submitted to the Registrar for approval.
- (8) All assets and contribution recoverable, shall be reduced to the form of the Cooperative Demand Certificate according to the provision of Section 83.
- (9) The Liquidator shall prepare Co-operative Demand Certificate under Section 83 in duplicate and forward the same to the Registrar or such officer as may have powers delegated to him in this behalf., for signature. One copy shall be retained by the issuing office and the other copy will be returned to the liquidator who will the submit it to the Deputy Commissioner, Sub-divisional Officer or Political Officers having jurisdiction for recovery of the amount as arrears of land revenue.
- (10) Each Demand Certificate submitted for signature shall be supported by a specific order of the liquidator to that effect separately, and accompanied by a copy of the notice as required in the Co-operative Demand Certificate, duly serve upon the certificate debtor.
- (11) The Demand Certificate submitted for signature shall submit to the Registrar or any other officer empowered in this behalf by the Registrar a half-yearly progress Statement in the prescribed form and such other reports and returns as may be called for by the Registrar from time to time.
- (12) All proceedings and transactions of the liquidator in connection the with liquidation proceedings shall be recorded in the order sheet in prescribed for.
- **99. Distribution of assets and priority of claims-** (1) All Government dues including audit fees and all cost, charges and expenses incurred in the winding up of the society, including the remuneration of the liquidator shall be payable liabilities other n to all other claims
- (2) After the liabilities other than owned capital as they stood on the date of winding up are paid off, the liquidator will submit to the Registrar his proposal for the distribution of the assts, if any, left with for employment in the following orders of priority-
  - (vi) all loans including those from Central and Apex Bank;
  - (vii) deposits from non-members; and

- (viii) deposits from members.
- (2) After the liabilities mentioned in sub-clause (2) are paid off, the assets, if any, left with the liquidator shall be employed in refunding share capital and divided on shares, if any, at a rate not exceeding 6 ¼ percent per annum payable as shown in the final balance sheet.
  - N.B.- (a) Payments shall always be made rateably on a pro-rate basis,
    - (b) Payment of interest included in the claims of the above categories shall be deferred until full payment of principal has been made to all creditors.
- 100. **Termination of liquidation proceedings obligatory on the Registrar in certain cases:-** The liquidation proceedings of a society shall be closed within a period of three years from the date from which the cancellation of registration takes effects, unless the period is extended by the Registrar:

Provided that the Registrar shall not grant any extension for a period exceeding one year at a time of five years in all.

Explanation: in the case of a society which is under liquidation at the commencement of these rules, the order for the winding up of liquidation proceedings of the society shall be deemed to have been passed on the date on which these rules come into operation.

101. **Disposal of the records of liquidation proceedings:** After the expiry of three years from the date of the order of the Registrar under Section 68 for the closure of the liquidation proceedings and direction to the liquidator to deposit the records, the Registrar may order the destruction of records.

# **CHAPTER -XI**

# Recovery of sums due and enforcement of obligations

- 102. **Charge and surcharge(1)** When the Registrar holds an enquiry under section 71, he shall draw up proceeding against any members, officer, employee, past or present of the society concerned showing the charges against him and shall-
  - (i) Supply the person concerned with a copy of the proceedings and a summary of the evidence which prima facie appear against him;
  - (ii) Call on the person concerned to furnish his explanation by a specified date;
  - (iii) Allow him an opportunities to look into relevant records pf the Society if required for furnishing and explanation of charges include in the proceedings drawn up against him.
  - (iv) Receive and record such evidence as may be adduced;
  - (v) Record a decision
- (2) (a) The Registrar passing any order in writing under sub-section (3) of Section 71 of the Act, require such member, officer or employee when found liable, to pay a sum not exceeding, Rupees fifty with interest to the Society by way of compensation in respect of any payment or loss or failure to restore any property
  - (b) The Registrar may, by an order in writing, fix a sum not exceeding Rupees twenty-five to meet the cost of the proceeding under sub-section (3) of Section 71 of the Act.
- 103. **Gross negligence:-** the following matters shall be deemed to be gross negligence within the meaning of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 71-

- (i) Investment, custody and employment of funds contrary to the provisions of the Act, rules or Bye-laws or any written direction of the Registrar given in accordance therewith:
- (ii) Failure to remedy audit defects and irregularities in time when directed by the Registrar under Section 59; and
- (iii) Failure to file disputes against defaulters and to execute any decree or award within the period of limitation.
- 104. If a register Societies or an officer or member or employees or agents thereof contravenes any of the provisions of these rules, he shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees for every offence.

## **SCHEDULE**

Form of application for the registration of a co-operative Society with Limited /Unlimited liability under Section 11 of the Meghalaya co-operative Societies Act (Assam Act I of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya

# [Rule 5 (1)]

To

The Registrar of Cooperative societies, Meghalaya, Shillong

Dated ...... The ......19

Sir.

We apply for registration of the society mentioned herein as a cooperative society with Limited / Unlimited under Section 11 (2) of the Meghalaya cooperative societies Act (Assam Act I of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya)

- 1. The Name of the proposed Society:
- 2. The Registered address of the Society is Village / Town

Post Office ......Mouza / Chowkidari circle Thana.

Sub division ..... district.....

- 3. The liability of the members shall be Limited / Unlimited
- 4. The area of operation......
- 5. the object of the Society.
- 6. Language in which the books and accounts will be kept.....
- 7. Four copies of proposed bye-laws signed by resident of the inaugural meeting are sent herewith.
- 8. Each member shall pay an admission fee of a... and subscribe to at least one share of nominal value of Rs....
- 9. A copy of the proceeding of the inaugural meeting of the proposed society is enclosed herewith.

- 10. Three copies of the application for registration with signatures of the applicants and particulars as required, are submitted in the prescribed form.
- (2) Further we, the undersigned, hereby agree to the memorandum of Association and also agree to conform to the condition of the Meghalaya Co-operative Societies Act (Assam Act I of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya) and rules that are made there under.

Serial No.	Name of the applicant for registration	Father's Husband's name of the applicant	Age of the Applicant	Residence of the applicant and postal address	Occupation of the applicant	Number of share subscribed	Signature of the applicant

# FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION [Rule 6 (3)]

Certificate of Registration No...... of 19.... In the Office of the Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Assam.

## Under

Meghalaya Co-operative Societies, Act, (Assam Act I of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya).

In the matter of the application of ....... and ...... Others for the registration of a Cooperative Society at ...... Village.... P. S. ..... in the district / Sub division......

I do hereby certify that pursuant to section II (2) of the Meghalaya Co-operative Societies, Act (Assam Act I of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya), the said society has been registered in my office as a Co-operative Society with Limited / Unlimited liability under the title of the ..... and numbered as No...... of ..... 19.... Dated this the ..... day of the year one thousand nine hundred and ..... Anno Domini

- 2. The Bye-Laws adapted by the said Society have also been registered.
- 3. The following is the area of operation of the society.

Registrar of Cooperative societies, Meghalaya

#### FORM OF APPLICATION FOR THE REGISTRATION OF AMENDMENT OF BYE-LAWS OA A REGISTERED SOCIETY

(Through the Assistar	perative societies, Meghalaya.  Int Registrar of Cooperative societies)  In of Cooperative societies)  In date The 197		
Sir, we, the undersigned, 1	beg to enclose herewith		
1. The proposed amendment of bye-Law No	in triplicate / Quadruplicate the marginally noted amendment of the bye-laws of the at village		
	P.O P.S		
2. Recession of Bye-law No	Submission in the district of  And to apply for registration		
3. A complete amendment of the amendment under section 13 (20 of the Meghalaya stituting entire set of bye-Coop: societies Act (Assam Act I of 1950 as adapted by laws in supersession Meghalaya0. The necessary particulars about the meeting of all previous bye-laws of the General Assembly at which the amendment was passed are noted below			
<ul> <li>(a) (1) Date of the meeting.</li> <li>(2) the total number of member of member of the society on the date of issue of notice of the meeting of General Meeting.</li> <li>(3) Number of members present at the meeting.</li> <li>(4) Number and Names of members who voted in support of the amendment.</li> <li>(5) Number and names of members who voted against the amendment.</li> <li>(b) For reasons noted below the quorum required under rule 10 (i) could not be secured.</li> <li>We certify that the adaption of the amendment of the bye-laws would be in the interest, and that such amendment has been duly approved by the General body of members CHAIRMAN</li> </ul>			
Signature of	Secretary  Members of the Managing committee  (1) (2)		
	(2)		

### Certificate of registration of amendment of bye -laws $[Rule\ 10\ (3)]$

In the office of the registrar of Cooperative societies, under the Meghalaya cooperative societies Act (Assam Act I of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya).

I do hereby certify that pursuant of the Meghalaya Cooperative Societies Act, (Assam Act of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya) the amendments shown in the enclosed document of bye-laws of the a Cooperative Society registered under the aforesaid Act on the Day of 19 under No in the district of has been duly registered. The following is the area of operation of the society.
The bye-laws amended and registered this day are as follows:- Complete amendment of previous bye-laws.
Partial amendment of bye-laws Nos
Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Meghalaya,
Dated this day of

One thousand nine hundred and .....

#### FORM No. 1

### Return of audit fees.

### [Rule 74 (a)]

1.	Name of the Society.	
2.	Address	
3.	Registration No. and Date	
4.	Assessment year of Audit Fee	
5.	Total Capital	
6.	Funds separately invested	
7.	Net working capital to the nearest hundred respectively [see rule 36 (3)] i.e. item 5 minus item 6.	rupees
8.	Rate of audit fees per hundred of rupees [see rule 36(4)]	
9.	Provisional assessment of audit Fee – Payable to the nearest rupee	
10.	Deduction or addition on account of previous Years's over or under payment (see item 14 Of previous year's assessment)	
11.	Total amount due (item 9 and 10)	
12.	Amount paid vide receipt and chalan (give Nos. and date) to be filled in by auditing off	
13.	Final order of assessment by Regional Audit	tor
14.	Remarks (Regional Auditor to state amount Of refund or extra payment due in next year Submitted to the Auditor of coop: societies.	's audit)
	(through the Cooperative Branch of the Development Office)	
Dated	197 Secreta	ary of the Society.

### FORM NO. 2 RULE 74 (7)] REGISTER OF COLLECTION OF AUDIT FEES

To be maintained by the chief Auditor and Auditors, District/Subdivision by District/Subdivision, each society of the subdivision being entered in serial order of the registration number)

Name of District/Subdivision .....

Sl.	Name and	,	Year	Y	'ear	Y	'ear	Ye	ar	Ye	ear	Ye	ear
No	registered number of society	Amount collected (item 12 of form No. 1)	Office reference No. (i.e. file No plus page in the file at which the "return of audit Fees" has been placed)	(As in column 3)	(As in column 4)	(As in column 3)	(As in column 4)	(As in column 3)	(As in column 4)	(As in column 3)	(As in column 4)	(As in column 3)	(As in column 4)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

### OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF REGISTRAR OF COOPERATIVE SOCIETIES, MEGHALAYA

# Notice to show cause why a decision should not be given [Rule No. 88 (1)]

Case Noof 197
Notice under rule 88 (1) of the rules made Meghalaya Cooperative Societies Act (Assam Act I of 1950) (as adapted by Meghalaya).
Notice is hereby given in the name of and his surety member of the
2. Whereas the Committee members of the
have applied to the Registrar, that a sum of Rs
(Rupeesonly) on account of principal
Rs(Rupeesonly) on account of interest has been due
from you which you did not pay on the date it fell due from you did not pay the overdue
in time and that you not pay the said sum to the Society demanding the same.
3. And whereas the said society have referred the dispute to me for a decision under rules 81 and 86 of the rules framed under section 100 of he Meghalaya Co operative Societies Act (Assam Act I of 1950) (as adapted by Meghalaya). I do hereby give notice that within two weeks of the receipt of this notice you should show cause by a registered letter why a decision should be given to the society against you.
4. Take notice that in the even of the claim not being contested by a decision shall be given ex-parte.
Give under ny hand and the seal of my office atthis
this

SEAL Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Meghalaya.

Memo No, dated
atof197.
Copy of the notice withnotices to the abovementioned borrower and his
surely/sureties is forwarded herewith to
thevillage
P.Ofor service to the persons concerned.
2. Notice are to be served on the persons concerned and signature (in ink) or thumb impression* (if illiterate) is to be taken on the back notice in acknowledgement of the notice by the persons concerned.
3. In case of the borrower or the surely refusing to accept the notice or is not available, the notice is to be served by hanging in the doors of persons concerned and take signatures or thumb impressions of two witnesses to that effect.
4. Notice are returnable on or before theand if the notices are not returned after service within the time specified, the Chairman will be made personally liable for any loss suffered by the society on this account.
Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Meghalaya.
To be attested duly with two witnesses.

#### INTIMATION OF AWARD OF AWARD GIVEN TO THE JUDGEMENT DEBTOR (Rule No. 89)

#### OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COOPERATIVE SOCIETIES, **MEGHALAYA**

Reference Case No.	of 19 .  No,dated at  The day of19
То	The day 0119
•	is been referred to the undersigned for decision by
the	a decree has been awarded against
account of principal and Rs	
Regist	rar of Co-operative Societies, Meghalaya.
Memo No, dated	
Copy to Suretyfor i	information and necessary action. Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Meghalaya.
	AWARD TO THE CHAIRMAN Rule No. 89)
To,	
Reference Case No	
	and surety
Is sent herewith necessary action.	
•	nor released within two months, from the date of
reducing in it to the form of a Coope	immediately to the
	enclosed herewith should be delivered concern

Yours faithfully,

Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Meghalaya

## FORM OF SIMPLE AWARD (RULE No89)

OFFICE OF THE		
	case No	19
	district / sub	division / Political Area
In the matter of		
Vrs.	•	
Members of the	ie	
Where as the committee member of the complaining that member of the society , Owe	es Rs	. by way of Principal
Up to the	payment of th	e same and whereas the
After being served with a notice to show caus	se why a dec	cision in favour of the
Should not be given has submitted an explanati evasive and in which.		quite unsatisfactory and
Not submitted any explanation and the full exteasoresaid Society has been denied.	ent of the liab	pility as claimed by the
Not therefore, I in accordance with Government of Meghalaya under Section 100 of t Act (Assam Act I of 1950) ( as adapted by Meg decision against the said, viz., that he does pay to the	the Meghalaya halaya), here	a Co-operative Societies
Rs	ate of realizate the dues covertificate as prevenue under	further interest on thepercent ion within a period of 2 ered by this award shall provided in Section 83 of er the provision of the
Give under my hand and seal, at	t	this
day of		19

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Meghalaya.

### FORM OF MORTGAGE AWARD (Rule No.89)

OFFICE OF THE	case No.	of 19
In the matter of the	District/Subdivision/	
Versus		
Member of the		
Wiemoer of the		
Whereas the Committee members of t	the	
have made a reference	ce in writing to me co	omplain it at
	member of that Soc	iety, owes it
Rsby		
Rsby way of interest		
payment of the same and whereas the said		
with a notice to show cause why a		
said		
not be given has submitted an submitted an expla	-	•
and evasive and in which not submitted any explanat		of the hability
as claimed by the aforesaid Society has not been den	ied.	
Now therefore, I, in accordance with Rules 89	of the Rules framed	by the State
Government under Section 100 of the Meghalaya		-
Act 1 of 1950) (as adapted by Meghalaya), hereby	-	,
the said		
theRsas		
Rsas interest which was due on		
further interest of the principal and Rs	as inter	est which was
due on the and further interest of the princ		
of percent per annum from		
costs till the date of realization, within a period		
award, failing which the right, title and interest of t	-	
out and described in the Schedule below will be s		
Certificate to be sought and issued on that behalf un		
recoverable as an arrear of land revenue under the p		
Revenue Regulation (Assam regulation I of 1886) (the sale proceeds should be found insufficient to determine the sale process of the sale process		-
interest at the above rate till the date of realization	_	•
realized by attachment and sale of other movable		
judgement debtor similarly being included under a C	<b>.</b> .	-
under the said Section of the Act.		Cim Conun
Give under my hand and seal, at	this	
Day of 19		

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Meghalaya,

## NOTICE TO FURNISH SECURITY FOR FULFILMENT OF DECREE {Rule No. 94 (2) }

Under sub-section (3) of Section 64 of the Meghalaya Co-operative Societies Act (Assam Act 1 of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya).

To
Given under my hand and seal of the Court, at
Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Meghalaya.
FORM OF CONDITIONAL ORDER OF ATTACHMENT BEFORE AWARD [Rule No.94 (6)]
OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COOPERATIVE SOCIETIES, MEGHALAYA Case No.
In the matter of the Versus
member of the
Society, owes it Rs. by way of Principal/compensation with interest at and Rsby way of interest up to the date of realization and evades payment of the same and whereas the said Committee members of the Society further declare that

is about to dispose of the property from the local units of the jurisdiction of the Registrar and whereas I am satisfied as to bona fide of Committee's reference and declaration and accordingly the said member was called upon to furnish security for the sum of Rs.......to produce and place at my disposal or the value vide my orders dated......and whereas the member failed to furnish the security. Now, therefore, I, in accordance with Section 64 (3) (b) of the Meghalaya Co-operative Societies' Act (Assam Act I of 1950 as adapted by Meghalaya) hereby make the following order against the said........................ that the right, title and interest of the defendant in the properties set out and described in the Schedule below be forthwith attached and shall remain attached until further orders.

This attachment will be vacated at any time if the defendant furnishes security to the satisfaction of the Registrar

This decision is enforceable as a decree of the Civil Court having local jurisdiction.

I	Date	
The	19	
		Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Meghalaya.

#### SCHEDULE Form of Order Sheet

[Rule No.98 (6) (12)]

No.of Proceeding or Orders	Order or Proceedings	Signature of Liquidator With date

### Notice of change of registered address

Address of societies Meghalaya Co-operative Soc Meghalaya),by certificate of registration No address of the registered office	ieties' Act (Assam Act . (name of Society) regisof	stered onunder
Previous address	Present address	Date changes
Certified that the char under resolution No		y set forth above was adapted f the Administrative
		Managing
Council/Committee dated	, the197	
Signature of	Signature o	f (1) CHAIRMAN
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		(2) SECRETARY